

Cash Flow Statement (000's)**2018**

Net Income	260,100
Plus Depreciation	100,000
Plus Deffered Taxes	4,000
Cash Income	364,100

Working Capital Activities

Change in Accounts Receivable	(19,500)
Change in Inventory	(12,500)
Change in Prepaid Expenses	2,000
Change in Accounts Payable	12,500
Change in Accrued Income Taxes	(3,000)
Change in Accrued Expenses	(5,000)
Total Change in Working Capital	(25,500)

Operating Cash Flow (OCF)	338,600
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Investment Activities

Capital Expenditures	(150,000)
Investments (Change)	(100,000)
Total Investment Activities	(250,000)

Cash Available Before Financing Activities	88,600
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Financing Activities

ST Debt Payments	-
LT Payments	(100,000)
Equity Contribution	30,000
Total Financing Activities	(70,000)

Free Cash Flow	18,600
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Beginning Cash	67,500
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Ending Cash	86,100
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Ratio Analysis

2017	2018
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Trend Analysis Ratios

Revenue Growth

17.01%

Solvency Ratios

LTD / Total Capitalization

40.7%

36.9%

EBITDA / Interest (Coverage Ratio)

4.01x

4.92x

LTD / EBITDA (Leverage Ratio)

3.12x

2.54x

Profitability Ratios

Gross Margin

64.1%

62.6%

EBITDA Margin

40.1%

39.7%

Return on Assets (ROA)

5.6%

Return on Equity (ROE)

9.4%

Question 2 (25 points)

Based on the case below please construct the Transaction Sources & Uses and calculate the WACC

Phatchance Hotel Properties, Inc.

Jack Von Crook, a hotel investor, is in the process of purchasing Phatchance Hotel Properties, Inc. ("PHP"). PHP operates two hotels in Miami, Florida with total of 800 rooms. He is anticipated to complete the necessary renovations on these properties by December 31, 2018 and open its doors for business on January 1st, 2019. The estimated total cost of both properties is \$320 million, plus additional \$40 million for renovations. PHP estimated 2017 EBITDA of \$50 million and outstanding debt of \$40 million.

Capital Raising:

The total capital needed to purchase and renovate PHP, as well as refinance its current debt outstanding will be sourced from bank loan and corporate bonds proceeds, as well as private equity (Assume that there are no transaction fees). Jack Von Crack is planning to contribute \$100 million of equity. He received an approval for the bank loan for 4 times 2017 EBITDA and able to raise the balance of financing in a form of Corporate Bonds.

Pricing is as follows:

Bank Loan @ 6.0% Fixed Rate, Corporate Bonds @ 9.0% Fixed Rate and the Equity expected return is calculated based on CAPM with risk free rate of 2.0%, beta of 1.8x and equity market return of 10.0%.

Transaction Sources	Amount	Rate / Expected Return
Bank Loan	Based on 4x 2019 EBITDA	6% Fixed
Corporate Bond		9% Fixed
Equity	100,000,000	Exp. Return based on CAPM

Transaction Uses	Amount	
		2%
Cost of Property	320,000,000	10%
Renovation	40,000,000	1.8
Refinance Debt	40,000,000	0.164
Transaction Fees & Expenses		
Total Uses	400,000,000	

Transaction Sources	Amount	Interest /Expected Return	% Capital	Interest /Expected Return After Tax	WACC
Bank Loan	200,000,000	6.00%	50.0%	3.840%	1.920%
Corporate Bonds	100,000,000	9.00%	25.0%	5.760%	1.440%
Equity	100,000,000	16.40%	25.0%	16.400%	4.100%
Total	400,000,000		100.0%		7.460%

Question 3 (25 points)

Use the Transaction Sources & Uses below to Construct the opening balance sheet

Sources (\$000s)	Amount
Revolver	20,000
Term Loan A	450,000
Term Loan B	550,000
Senior Secured Notes	300,000
Total Debt	1,320,000
Equity	1,960,000
Total Sources	3,280,000

Uses (\$000s)	Amount
Stock Purchase	2,500,000
Refinance Existing Debt	650,000
Transaction Fees & Expenses	130,000
Total Uses	3,280,000

	PRE-TRANSACTION 2018	TRANSACTION ADJUST. Debit Credit	PROFORMA B/S 2018
Cash	80,000		80,000
Accounts Receivable	110,000		110,000
Inventory	45,000		45,000
Other Current Assets	15,000		15,000
Total Current Assets	250,000		250,000
Gross Fixed Assets	2,100,000		2,100,000
(Accum. Depreciation)			-
Total Fixed Assets	2,100,000		2,100,000
Capitalized Exp.		130,000	130,000
Purchase Goodwill		820,000	820,000
Other Investm's & Assets	150,000		150,000
Total Assets	2,500,000		3,450,000
LIABILITIES & SHAREHOLDER EQUITY			
Accounts Payable	80,000		80,000
Accrued Expenses	40,000		40,000
Other Current Liabilities	20,000		20,000
Total Current Liabilities	140,000		140,000
Revolver		20,000	20,000
Term Loan A		450,000	450,000
Term Loan B		550,000	550,000
New Term Loan		300,000	300,000
Existing Debt	650,000	650,000	-
Senior Secured Notes			-
Total Debt	650,000		1,320,000
Deferred Taxes	20,000		20,000
Other Liabilities	10,000		10,000
Total Liabilities	820,000		1,490,000
OWNER'S EQUITY			
Common Stock	1,190,000	1,190,000	1,960,000
Add'l Paid-in-Capital	40,000	40,000	-
Retained Earnings	450,000	450,000	-
Total Equity	1,680,000		1,960,000
Total Liabilities & Equity	2,500,000	3,280,000 3,280,000	3,450,000

Question 4 (25 points)

Calculate the Interest Payments of the bank loan below based on increasing LIBOR.

Bank Loan Amount	200,000
Term	5 Years
Pricing (Libor + Spread)	4.50% (Spread)
Starting LIBOR (Year 0)	2.25%

Years	1	2	3	4	5
LIBOR Increase every year	0.500%	0.500%	1.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Scheduled Payments	20,000	30,000	40,000	50,000	60,000

	0	1	2	3	4	5
Bank Loan Information						
Amount Outstanding	200,000	180,000	150,000	110,000	60,000	-
Schedule Payments		20,000	30,000	40,000	50,000	60,000
Interest Payment		14,500	13,950	13,125	9,625	5,250
Total Financing Payment		34,500	43,950	53,125	59,625	65,250

Interest Rate Calculations						
LIBOR	2.25%	2.75%	3.25%	4.25%	4.25%	4.25%
LIBOR Increases		0.50%	0.50%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Spread		4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%
Total Interest Rate		7.25%	7.75%	8.75%	8.75%	8.75%